AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:

This listing of claims replaces all prior versions of claims in the application.

Listing of Claims

- 1. (withdrawn) A process for producing an [n-5]-hydroxy fatty acid (n is an even number of 10 or more) wherein the [n-6]-position is a single bond, which comprises causing cells or a culture of a microorganism having the activity to introduce hydroxy into the [n-5]-position and hydrogen into the [n-6]-position of a straight—chain fatty acid having n carbon atoms wherein at least the [n-6]-position is a double bond to make the [n-6]-position a single bond (hereinafter referred to as the first microorganism) or a treated matter thereof to act on a straight-chain fatty acid having n carbon atoms wherein at least the [n-6]-position is a double bond or a composition containing the fatty acid to form the [n-5]-hydroxy fatty acid wherein the [n-6]-position is a single bond, and recovering the formed [n-5]-hydroxy fatty acid wherein the [n-6]-position is a single bond.
- 2. (withdrawn)The process according to claim 1, wherein the double bond at the [n-6]-position is the cis-form.
- 3. (withdrawn) The process according to claim 1, wherein the first microorganism has the activity to introduce hydroxy into the 13-position and hydrogen into the 12-position of linoleic acid, α -linolenic acid or γ -linolenic acid to make the 12-position a single bond.
- 4. (withdrawn) The process according to claim 1, wherein the first

microorganism is a lactic acid bacterium or bifidobacterium.

- 5. (withdrawn) The process according to claim 1, wherein the first microorganism belongs to the genus *Pediococcus* or *Bifidobacterium*.
- 6. (withdrawn) The process according to claim 1, wherein the first microorganism is *Pediococcus pentosaceus* or *Bifidobacterium bifidum*.
- 7. (withdrawn) The process according to claim 1, wherein the first microorganism is *Pediococcus pentosaceus* IFO3891, *Pediococcus* sp. IFO3778 or *Bifidobacterium bifidum* JCM7002.
- 8. (withdrawn) The process according to claim 1, wherein the straight-chain fatty acid having n carbon atoms (n is an even number of 10 or more) wherein at least the [n-6]-position is a double bond is linoleic acid and the [n-5]-hydroxy fatty acid wherein the [n-6]-position is a single bond is 13-hydroxy-9-octadecenoic acid.
- 9. (withdrawn) The process according to claim 1, wherein the straight-chain fatty acid having n carbon atoms (n is an even number of 10 or more) wherein at least the [n-6]-position is a double bond is α -linoleic acid and the [n-5]-hydroxy fatty acid wherein the [n-6]-position is a single bond is 13-hydroxy-9,15-octadecadienoic acid.
- 10. (withdrawn) The process according to claim 1, wherein the straight-chain

fatty acid having n carbon atoms (n is an even number of 10 or more) wherein at least the [n-6]-position is a double bond is γ -linoleic acid and the [n-5]-hydroxy fatty acid wherein the [n-6]-position is a single bond is 13-hydroxy-6,9-octadecadienoic acid.

11. (withdrawn) 13-Hydroxy-6,9-octadecadienoic acid represented by the following formula (I):

12. (currently amended) A process for producing δ -lactone δ -decalone, which comprises the steps of:

(i) causing cells or a culture of the-first microorganism a microorganism having the activity to convert linoleic acid to 13-hydroxy-9-octadecenoic acid and belonging to the genus *Pediococcus* or *Bifidobacterium*, or a treated matter thereof to act on a straight chain fatty acid having n carbon atoms (n is an even number of 10 or more) wherein at least the [n-6]-position is a double bond linoleic acid or a composition containing the fatty acid linoleic acid to form an [n-5]-hydroxy fatty acid wherein the [n-6]-position is a single bond, 13-hydroxy-9-octadecenoic acid; and

(iii) causing cells or a culture of a microorganism having the activity to β-oxidize an [n-5]-hydroxy fatty-acid wherein the [n-6]-position is a single-bond (hereinafter referred to as the second microorganism) 13-hydroxy-9-octadecenoic acid and belonging to the genus *Kluyveromyces*, *Zygosaccharomyces*, *Pichia*, or Saccharomyces, or a treated matter thereof to act on the formed [n-5]-hydroxy fatty

acid, 13-hydroxy-9-octadecenoic acid to form δ -decalactone; and (iii) recovering the formed δ -lactone δ -decalactone.

13 - 18. (canceled)

- 19. (Currently amended) The process according to claim 12, wherein the first microorganism in step (i) is Pediococcus pentosaceus or Bifidobacterium bifidum.
- 20. (Currently amended) The process according to claim 12, wherein the first microorganism in step (i) is *Pediococcus pentosaceus* IFO3891, *Pediococcus sp.* IF03778 or *Bifidobacterium bifidum* JCM7002.
- 21. (Currently amended) The process according to claim 12, wherein the second microorganism in step (i) is a yeast <u>Bifidobacterium bifidum</u>.
- 22. (Currently amended) The process according to claim 12, wherein the second microorganism in step (i) belongs to the genus *Kluyveromyces*,

 Zygosaccharomyces, *Pichia* or Saccharomyces is *Bifidobacterium bifidum* JCM7002.
- 23. (Currently amended) The process according to claim 12, wherein the second microorganism in step (ii) is Kluyveromyces marxianus, Kluyveromyces thermotolerans, Kluyveromyces wickerhamii, Zygosaccharomyces rouxii, Zygosaccharomyces bailii, Zygosaccharomyces cidri, Pichia jadinii or

Saccharomyces cerevisiae.

24. (Currently amended) The process according to claim 12, wherein the second microorganism in step (ii) is Kluyveromyces marxianus IFO1090, Kluyveromyces thermotolerans ATCC24177, Kluyveromyces wickerhamii ATCC24178, Zygosaccharomyces rouxii NFR2007, Zygosaccharomyces bailii ATCC8766, Zygosaccharomyces cidri ATCC46819, Pichia jadinii IFO0987or Saccharomyces cerevisiae Kyokai No. 701.

25 - 45. (canceled)

- 46. (Withdrawn) The process according to claim 2, wherein the first microorganism has the activity to introduce hydroxy into the 13-position and hydrogen into the 12-position of linoleic acid, α -linolenic acid or γ -linolenic acid to make the 12-position a single bond.
- 47. (Withdrawn) The process according to claim 46, wherein the first microorganism is a lactic acid bacterium or bifidobacterium.
- 48. (Withdrawn) The process according to claim 46, wherein the first microorganism belongs to the genus *Pediococcus* or *Bifidobacterium*.
- 49. (Withdrawn) The process according to claim 46, wherein the first

microorganism is Pediococcus pentosaceus or Bifidobacterium bifidum.

50. (Withdrawn) The process according to claim 46, wherein the first microorganism is *Pediococcus pentosaceus* IFO3891, *Pediococcus* sp. IFO3778 or *Bifidobacterium bifidum* JCM7002.

51. (Withdrawn) The process according to claim 50, wherein the straight-chain fatty acid having n carbon atoms (n is an even number of 10 or more) wherein at least the [n-6]-position is a double bond is linoleic acid and the [n-5]-hydroxy fatty acid wherein the [n-6]-position is a single bond is 13-hydroxy-9-octadecenoic acid.

52. (Withdrawn) The process according to claim 50, wherein the straight-chain fatty acid having n carbon atoms (n is an even number of 10 or more) wherein at least the [n-6]-position is a double bond is α -linoleic acid and the [n-5]-hydroxy fatty acid wherein the [n-6]-position is a single bond is 13-hydroxy-9,15-octadecadienoic acid.

53. (Withdrawn) The process according to claim 50, wherein the straight-chain fatty acid having n carbon atoms (n is an even number of 10 or more) wherein at least the [n-6]-position is a double bond is γ-linoleic acid and the [n-5]-hydroxy fatty acid wherein the [n-6]-position is a single bond is 13-hydroxy-6,9-octadecadienoic acid.

54 - 81. (canceled)

- 82. (new) A process for producing jasmine lactone, which comprises the steps of:
- (i) causing cells or a culture of a microorganism having an activity to convert α -linolenic acid to 13-hydroxy-9,15-octadecadienoic acid and belonging to the genus Pediococcus or Bifidobacterium, or a treated matter thereof, to act on α -linolenic acid or a composition containing α -linolenic acid to form 13-hydroxy-9,15-octadecadienoic acid; and
- (ii) causing cells or a culture of a microorganism having an activity to beta oxidize 13-hydroxy-9,15-octadecadienoic acid and belonging to the genus *Kluyveromyces*, *Zygosaccharomyces*, *Pichia*, *Saccharomyces*, or a treated matter thereof, to act on the formed 13-hydroxy-9, 15-octadecadienoic acid to form jasmine lactone; and
 - (iii) recovering the formed jasmine lactone.
- 83. (new) The process according to claim 82, wherein the microorganism in step (i) is *Pediococcus pentosaceus* or *Bifidobacterium bitfidum*.
- 84. (new) The process according to claim 82, wherein the microorganism in step (i) is *Pediococcus pentosaceus* IFO3891 or *Bifidobacterium bifidum* JCM7002.
- 85. (new) The process according to claim 82, wherein the microorganism in step
 (ii) is Kluyveromyces marxianus, Kluyveromyces thermotolerans, Kluyveromyces
 wickerhamii, Zygosaccharomyces rouxii, Zygosaccharomyces bailli,
 Zygosaccharomyces cidri, Pichia jadinii or Saccharomyces cerevisiae,

86. (new) The process according to claim 82, wherein the microorganism in step (ii) is Kluyveromyces marxianus IFO1090, Kluyveromyces thermotolerans ATCC24177, Kluyveromyces wickerhamiiATCC24178, Zygosaccharomyces rouxii NFR2007, Zygosaccharomyces baiili ATCC8766, Zygosaccharomyces cidri ATCC46819, Pichia jadinii IFO0987 or Saccharomyces cerevisiae Kyokai No. 701.